

following juliet's answer what does lady capulet then tell juliet

following juliet's answer what does lady capulet then tell juliet is a pivotal moment in Shakespeare's tragedy "Romeo and Juliet." This interaction reveals not only the dynamics of Juliet's relationship with her mother, Lady Capulet, but also the social and familial expectations placed upon Juliet. After Juliet responds to Lady Capulet's inquiries or statements, Lady Capulet proceeds to communicate important information or advice that shapes the unfolding drama. Understanding what Lady Capulet tells Juliet following her answer helps illuminate the themes of obedience, marriage, and generational conflict within the play. This article explores the details of Lady Capulet's subsequent words, situates them within the context of the scene, and analyzes their significance for the narrative and character development. The discussion will cover Lady Capulet's intentions, the implications for Juliet's choices, and the broader thematic resonance of this exchange.

- The Context of Juliet's Answer
- Lady Capulet's Response to Juliet
- The Message Lady Capulet Conveys
- Implications for Juliet's Character and Decisions
- Thematic Significance of Lady Capulet's Words

The Context of Juliet's Answer

Before examining what Lady Capulet then tells Juliet, it is essential to understand the context of Juliet's answer. The exchange occurs in Act 1, Scene 3 of "Romeo and Juliet," where Lady Capulet discusses with Juliet the prospect of marriage. Juliet's answer is often characterized by a mixture of respect and hesitation, reflecting her youth and the social expectations of her time. Lady Capulet asks Juliet about her feelings regarding marriage, particularly the idea of marrying Paris, a nobleman favored by the Capulet family. Juliet's response is measured and polite, indicating neither enthusiasm nor outright refusal. This careful reply sets the stage for Lady Capulet's subsequent remarks, which are aimed at persuading Juliet and steering her toward acceptance of the arranged marriage.

Juliet's Polite and Reserved Response

Juliet's answer to Lady Capulet is respectful but somewhat noncommittal. She does not express strong personal feelings but rather shows a willingness to consider her mother's wishes. This response highlights Juliet's position as a young daughter navigating parental authority. The subtlety in Juliet's answer prompts Lady Capulet to take a more direct approach in communicating her intentions and expectations.

Social and Familial Expectations

The dialogue takes place within the societal norms of the Elizabethan era, where daughters were expected to obey their parents, especially concerning marriage. Lady Capulet's inquiry and Juliet's answer must be understood against this backdrop, where marriage was often a strategic alliance rather than a romantic union. This context is crucial for interpreting what Lady Capulet tells Juliet next.

Lady Capulet's Response to Juliet

Following Juliet's answer, Lady Capulet then tells Juliet about the advantages of marrying Paris. She emphasizes the suitability of Paris as a match and the benefits that such a union would bring to Juliet and the Capulet family. Lady Capulet's tone is authoritative and persuasive, reflecting her role as a parent who seeks to secure her daughter's future in alignment with family interests. This response not only encourages Juliet to consider Paris favorably but also subtly pressures her to comply with the family's plans.

Promotion of Paris as an Ideal Suitor

Lady Capulet praises Paris's qualities, describing him as a "man of wax," which implies that he is perfect in appearance and character. She highlights his noble status, wealth, and suitability as a husband, aiming to convince Juliet that marrying Paris is both a privilege and a wise choice. This portrayal serves to elevate Paris in Juliet's eyes and to align family expectations with social ambition.

Encouragement to View Marriage Favorably

Lady Capulet advises Juliet to observe Paris and consider the potential happiness that marriage could bring. She suggests that marrying Paris would be a positive step, encouraging Juliet to be open-minded and receptive. This encouragement reflects the broader theme of parental influence and the negotiation of personal desires with duty.

The Message Lady Capulet Conveys

Following Juliet's answer, Lady Capulet then tells Juliet that marriage to Paris is not only desirable but also imminent and necessary. The message conveys a sense of urgency and expectation, signaling that the decision is largely made and that Juliet's role is to accept and embrace it. Lady Capulet's communication is layered with implications about obedience, family honor, and the social obligations of a young noblewoman.

Marriage as Social Obligation

Lady Capulet frames marriage as a duty that Juliet owes to her family and society. She implies that Juliet's personal feelings should be secondary to the advantages the marriage will bring. This message reflects the patriarchal values of the time, where individual choice was often subordinated to collective interest.

The Role of Parental Authority

By telling Juliet about the match with Paris and urging acceptance, Lady Capulet asserts parental authority. The communication underscores the expectation that Juliet will comply with her mother's wishes, reinforcing the hierarchical family structure. This dynamic is critical to understanding the tension between Juliet and her parents throughout the play.

Implications for Juliet's Character and Decisions

The words Lady Capulet then tells Juliet following her answer significantly influence Juliet's character development and decision-making. This moment represents a turning point where Juliet begins to confront the conflict between her own feelings and the pressures imposed by her family. Understanding Lady Capulet's message sheds light on Juliet's eventual actions and the tragic trajectory of the narrative.

Emergence of Inner Conflict

Lady Capulet's insistence on marriage introduces a source of tension for Juliet, who harbors her own secret love for Romeo. The disparity between Lady Capulet's expectations and Juliet's desires creates an inner conflict that drives much of the drama. This conflict is initiated and exacerbated by the message Lady Capulet delivers after Juliet's answer.

Foreshadowing of Resistance

Although Juliet initially responds with politeness, Lady Capulet's directive foreshadows Juliet's eventual resistance to an arranged marriage. The communication highlights the challenges Juliet will face in asserting her autonomy and pursuing her own path. This moment is thus crucial in setting up the thematic exploration of individual will versus social constraint.

Thematic Significance of Lady Capulet's Words

Following Juliet's answer what does Lady Capulet then tell Juliet is a question that reveals key thematic elements in "Romeo and Juliet." Lady Capulet's communication embodies themes of authority, obedience, marriage, and the clash between generations. Analyzing this exchange deepens understanding of Shakespeare's commentary on social structures and personal freedom.

Authority and Obedience

Lady Capulet's words emphasize the expectation of filial obedience, reflecting the societal norms that governed family relationships. This theme is central to the play, as Juliet's struggle with obedience versus personal desire underpins much of the tragedy. Lady Capulet's message serves as a representation of the authoritative forces Juliet must navigate.

Marriage as Social Contract

The promotion of Paris as a suitable husband illustrates marriage as a social contract rather than a romantic union. Lady Capulet's message embodies the practical considerations and alliances that shaped matrimonial decisions in the Elizabethan era. This theme contrasts with the romantic love between Romeo and Juliet, highlighting the tensions between social convention and individual passion.

Generational Conflict

The exchange between Lady Capulet and Juliet also underscores the generational divide. Lady Capulet represents the older generation's values and expectations, while Juliet embodies youth and emerging independence. The communication following Juliet's answer reveals the friction between these perspectives, a dynamic that drives much of the dramatic tension.

Summary of Lady Capulet's Communication Following Juliet's Answer

To encapsulate the key points of what Lady Capulet then tells Juliet after her answer, the following list summarizes the main elements of the message:

- Praise of Paris's qualities and suitability as a husband.
- Encouragement for Juliet to view marriage positively and consider Paris favorably.
- Assertion of the social and familial obligation to marry Paris.
- Implied expectation of obedience and compliance from Juliet.
- Reinforcement of parental authority and the role of marriage as a strategic alliance.

Frequently Asked Questions

Following Juliet's answer, what does Lady Capulet then tell Juliet?

After Juliet's ambiguous response, Lady Capulet reminds her of the advantages of marrying Paris, emphasizing his wealth, status, and suitability as a husband.

How does Lady Capulet react to Juliet's reply about marriage?

Lady Capulet is impatient and urges Juliet to consider Paris as a potential husband, highlighting the social and familial benefits of the match.

What advice does Lady Capulet give Juliet after her initial answer?

Lady Capulet advises Juliet to examine Paris at the upcoming feast and to think seriously about marrying him.

Why does Lady Capulet encourage Juliet to marry Paris following her answer?

Lady Capulet wants Juliet to secure a prosperous future and strengthen family

alliances through marriage to Paris.

What is the tone of Lady Capulet when she speaks to Juliet after her response?

Lady Capulet's tone is somewhat commanding and persuasive, as she tries to convince Juliet to comply with the marriage arrangement.

Does Lady Capulet acknowledge Juliet's feelings after her answer?

Lady Capulet shows little empathy towards Juliet's feelings and focuses more on the practical benefits of the marriage to Paris.

Additional Resources

1. Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet: A Reader's Guide

This guide provides detailed analyses of the characters, scenes, and themes in *Romeo and Juliet*. It offers insights into Lady Capulet's interactions with Juliet, including the moment following Juliet's answer about marriage. The book helps readers understand the social and familial pressures Juliet faces, especially from Lady Capulet.

2. Exploring Shakespeare's Women: Lady Capulet and Juliet

Focusing on Shakespeare's female characters, this book delves into the complex relationship between Lady Capulet and Juliet. It examines Lady Capulet's role as a mother and her expectations, particularly after Juliet responds to questions about marriage. The book offers a feminist perspective on the characters' motivations and conflicts.

3. The Family Dynamics in Romeo and Juliet

This text explores the intricate family relationships in *Romeo and Juliet*, highlighting the Capulet household. It discusses Lady Capulet's reaction to Juliet's responses and her attempts to guide or pressure Juliet regarding the marriage to Paris. The book provides context for the social norms influencing Lady Capulet's behavior.

4. Marriage and Duty in Shakespeare's Plays

This book analyzes the theme of marriage as a duty in Shakespearean drama, with a focus on *Romeo and Juliet*. It covers Lady Capulet's insistence on Juliet marrying Paris following Juliet's answer, portraying the conflict between personal desire and social obligation. Readers gain insight into the cultural expectations that shape the characters' decisions.

5. Understanding Romeo and Juliet: Character and Plot

A comprehensive overview of the play's key characters and plot points, this book discusses the pivotal moments between Lady Capulet and Juliet. It explains how Lady Capulet responds to Juliet's answers and pushes her toward

accepting Paris as a suitor. The book is useful for students seeking to grasp character motivations.

6. *Shakespeare's Influence on Family Roles*

This work examines how Shakespeare's plays reflect and challenge family roles of the Elizabethan era. It includes a section on Lady Capulet's dialogue with Juliet, interpreting her reaction after Juliet's answer about marriage. The book sheds light on the tension between parental authority and youthful independence.

7. *Romeo and Juliet: Themes of Conflict and Resolution*

Focusing on the thematic elements of the play, this book discusses the conflicts between Juliet and Lady Capulet. It highlights how Lady Capulet responds to Juliet's stance on marriage, often with frustration and insistence. The text explores how these conflicts drive the tragic narrative forward.

8. *Parenting in Shakespeare's Tragedies*

This book explores parental roles and expectations in Shakespeare's tragedies, including *Romeo and Juliet*. It provides an in-depth look at Lady Capulet's reaction to Juliet's answers, emphasizing the pressure placed on Juliet to fulfill family duties. The book discusses the emotional and social consequences of such parenting styles.

9. *The Social Context of Romeo and Juliet*

Offering background on the societal norms of Shakespeare's time, this book contextualizes Lady Capulet's behavior after Juliet's answer. It explains the importance of advantageous marriages and family reputation, which influence Lady Capulet's insistence on Juliet marrying Paris. The book helps readers understand the external forces shaping character interactions.

[Following Juliet S Answer What Does Lady Capulet Then Tell Juliet](#)

Following Juliet S Answer What Does Lady Capulet Then Tell Juliet

Related Articles

- [food handler quiz answers](#)
- [free ar quiz answers](#)
- [free science worksheets for 3rd grade](#)

[Back to Home](#)